

# Package ‘SSOSVM’

October 12, 2022

**Type** Package

**Title** Stream Suitable Online Support Vector Machines

**Version** 0.2.1

**Date** 2019-05-06

**Author** Andrew Thomas Jones, Hien Duy Nguyen, Geoffrey J. McLachlan

**Maintainer** Andrew Thomas Jones <andrewthomasjones@gmail.com>

**Description** Soft-margin support vector machines (SVMs) are a common class of classification models. The training of SVMs usually requires that the data be available all at once in a single batch, however the Stochastic majorization-minimization (SMM) algorithm framework allows for the training of SVMs on streamed data instead Nguyen, Jones & McLachlan(2018)<doi:10.1007/s42081-018-0001-y>. This package utilizes the SMM framework to provide functions for training SVMs with hinge loss, squared-hinge loss, and logistic loss.

**License** GPL-3

**Encoding** UTF-8

**Imports** Rcpp (>= 0.12.13), mvtnorm, MASS

**LinkingTo** Rcpp, RcppArmadillo

**RoxygenNote** 6.1.1

**Suggests** testthat, knitr, rmarkdown, ggplot2, gganimate, gifski

**NeedsCompilation** yes

**Repository** CRAN

**Date/Publication** 2019-05-06 09:10:03 UTC

## R topics documented:

generateSim . . . . .	2
Hinge . . . . .	2
Logistic . . . . .	3
SquareHinge . . . . .	4
SSOSVM . . . . .	5
SVMFit . . . . .	5
<b>Index</b>	<b>7</b>

---

generateSim	<i>Generate Simulations</i>
-------------	-----------------------------

---

**Description**

Generate simple simulations for testing of the algorithms.

**Usage**

```
generateSim(NN = 10^4, DELTA = 2, DIM = 2, seed = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

NN	Number of observations. Default is 10 <sup>4</sup>
DELTA	Separation of three groups in standard errors. Default is 2.
DIM	Number of dimensions in data. Default is 2.
seed	Random seed if desired.

**Value**

A list containing:

XX	Coordinates of the simulated points.
YY	Cluster membership of the simulated points.
YMAT	YY and XX Combined as a single matrix.

**Examples**

```
#100 points of dimension 4.
generateSim(NN=100, DELTA=2, DIM=4)
```

---

Hinge	<i>Hinge</i>
-------	--------------

---

**Description**

Fit SVM with Hinge loss function.

**Usage**

```
Hinge(YMAT, DIM = 2L, EPSILON = 1e-05, returnAll = FALSE, rho = 1)
```

**Arguments**

YMAT	Data. First column is -1 or 1 indicating the class of each observation. The remaining columns are the coordinates of the data points.
DIM	Dimension of data. Default value is 2.
EPSILON	Small perturbation value needed in calculation. Default value is 0.00001.
returnAll	Return all of theta values? Boolean with default value FALSE.
rho	Sensitivity factor to adjust the level of change in the SVM fit when a new observation is added. Default value 1.0

**Value**

A list containing:

THETA	SVM fit parameters.
NN	Number of observation points in YMAT.
DIM	Dimension of data.
THETA_list	THETA at each iteration (new point observed) as YMAT is fed into the algorithm one data point at a time.
OMEGA	Intermediate value OMEGA at each iteration (new point observed).

**Examples**

```
YMAT <- generateSim(10^4)
h1<-Hinge(YMAT$YMAT,returnAll=TRUE)
```

---

Logistic

*Logistic Loss Function*

---

**Description**

Fit SVM with Logistic loss function.

**Usage**

```
Logistic(YMAT, DIM = 2L, EPSILON = 1e-05, returnAll = FALSE,
rho = 1)
```

**Arguments**

YMAT	Data. First column is -1 or 1 indicating the class of each observation. The remaining columns are the coordinates of the data points.
DIM	Dimension of data. Default value is 2.
EPSILON	Small perturbation value needed in calculation. Default value is 0.00001.
returnAll	Return all of theta values? Boolean with default value FALSE.
rho	Sensitivity factor to adjust the level of change in the SVM fit when a new observation is added. Default value 1.0

**Value**

A list containing:

THETA	SVM fit parameters.
NN	Number of observation points in YMAT.
DIM	Dimension of data.
THETA_list	THETA at each iteration (new point observed) as YMAT is fed into the algorithm one data point at a time.
CHI	Intermediate value CHI at each iteration (new point observed).

**Examples**

```
YMAT <- generateSim(10^4)
l1<-Logistic(YMAT$YMAT,returnAll=TRUE)
```

---

SquareHinge

*Square Hinge*

---

**Description**

Fit SVM with Square Hinge loss function.

**Usage**

```
SquareHinge(YMAT, DIM = 2L, EPSILON = 1e-05, returnAll = FALSE,
  rho = 1)
```

**Arguments**

YMAT	Data. First column is -1 or 1 indicating the class of each observation. The remaining columns are the coordinates of the data points.
DIM	Dimension of data. Default value is 2.
EPSILON	Small perturbation value needed in calculation. Default value is 0.00001.
returnAll	Return all of theta values? Boolean with default value FALSE.
rho	Sensitivity factor to adjust the level of change in the SVM fit when a new observation is added. Default value 1.0

**Value**

A list containing:

THETA	SVM fit parameters.
NN	Number of observation points in YMAT.
DIM	Dimension of data.
THETA_list	THETA at each iteration (new point observed) as YMAT is fed into the algorithm one data point at a time.
PSI	Intermediate value PSI at each iteration (new point observed).

**Examples**

```
YMAT <- generateSim(10^3,DIM=3)
sq1<-SquareHinge(YMAT$YMAT, DIM=3, returnAll=TRUE)
```

---

SSOSVM	<i>SSOSVM: A package for online training of soft-margin support vector machines (SVMs) using the Stochastic majorization–minimization (SMM) algorithm.</i>
--------	--

---

**Description**

The SSOSVM package allows for the online training of Soft-margin support vector machines (SVMs) using the Stochastic majorization–minimization (SMM) algorithm. `SquareHinge`, `Hinge` and `Logistic` The function `generateSim` can also be used to generate simple test sets.

**Author(s)**

Andrew T. Jones, Hien D. Nguyen, Geoffrey J. McLachlan

**References**

Hien D. Nguyen, Andrew T. Jones and Geoffrey J. McLachlan. (2018). Stream-suitable optimization algorithms for some soft-margin support vector machine variants, *Japanese Journal of Statistics and Data Science*, vol. 1, Issue 1, pp. 81-108.

---

SVMFit	<i>SSOSVM Fit function</i>
--------	----------------------------

---

**Description**

This is the primary function for uses to fit SVMs using this package.

**Usage**

```
SVMFit(YMAT, method = "logistic", EPSILON = 1e-05, returnAll = FALSE,
      rho = 1)
```

**Arguments**

YMAT	Data. First column is -1 or 1 indicating the class of each observation. The remaining columns are the coordinates of the data points.
method	Choice of function used in SVM. Choices are 'logistic', 'hinge' and 'square-Hinge'. Default value is 'logistic'
EPSILON	Small perturbation value needed in calculation. Default value is 0.00001.
returnAll	Return all of theta values? Boolean with default value FALSE.
rho	Sensitivity factor to adjust the level of change in the SVM fit when a new observation is added. Default value 1.0

**Value**

A list containing:

THETA	SVM fit parameters.
NN	Number of observation points in YMAT.
DIM	Dimension of data.
THETA_list	THETA at each iteration (new point observed) as YMAT is fed into the algorithm one data point at a time.
PSI, OMEGA, CHI	Intermediate value for PSI, OMEGA, or CHI (depending on method choice) at each iteration (new point observed).

**Examples**

```
Sim<- generateSim(10^4)
m1<-SVMFit(Sim$YMAT)
```

# Index

[generateSim](#), 2

[Hinge](#), 2

[Logistic](#), 3

[SquareHinge](#), 4

[SSOSVM](#), 5

[SSOSVM-package \(SSOSVM\)](#), 5

[SVMfit](#), 5