

Package ‘DemographicTable’

December 20, 2024

Type Package

Title Creating Demographic Table

Version 0.1.10

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Description Functions for creating demographic table of simple summary statistics and comparison(s) over one or more groups. Returned value is printed via package 'flextable'.

License GPL-2

Encoding UTF-8

Imports flextable, officer, scales

Language en-US

Depends R (>= 4.4.0)

Suggests MASS

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

NeedsCompilation no

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DemographicTable-package

Create Demographic Table

Description

Functions for creating demographic table with simple summary statistics, with optional comparison(s) over one or more groups. Numeric variables are summarized in means, standard deviations, medians, inter-quartile-ranges (IQR), skewness, Shapiro-Wilk normality test and ranges, and compared using two-sample *t*-test, Wilcoxon test, ANOVA and/or Kruskal-Wallis test. Logical and factor variables are summarized in counts and percentages and compared using chi-squared test and/or Fisher's exact test.

Returned value is printed via package **flextable**.

Author(s)

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DemographicTable

Create Demographic Table

Description

Create a demographic table with simple summary statistics, with optional comparison(s) over one or more groups.

Usage

```
DemographicTable(  
  data,  
  data.name = substitute(data),  
  groups = NULL,  
  exclude = NULL,  
  exclude_rx,  
  include,  
  include_rx,  
  paired = FALSE,  
  robust = TRUE,  
  overall = TRUE,  
  compare = TRUE,  
  pairwise = 3L,  
  ...  
)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	a data.frame
<code>data.name</code>	character scalar, or the argument call of <code>data</code> . A user-friendly name of the input data.
<code>groups</code>	character scalar or vector , the name(s) of sub-group(s) for which the summary statistics are provided. Default NULL indicating no sub-groups.
<code>exclude</code>	character vector , the name(s) of variable(s) to be excluded. Default NULL indicating no variable are excluded.
<code>exclude_rx</code>	(optional) regex , pattern of the names of the variable(s) to be excluded.
<code>include</code>	character vector , the name(s) of variable(s) to be included. Default names(<code>data</code>) indicating all variables are included.
<code>include_rx</code>	(optional) regex , pattern of the names of the variable(s) to be included.
<code>paired</code>	logical scalar, whether to perform paired test (default FALSE)
<code>robust</code>	logical scalar. If TRUE (default), use non-parametric methods for non-normally distributed numeric variables.
<code>overall</code>	logical scalar. If TRUE (default), a column of overall summary statistics will be provided.
<code>compare</code>	logical scalar. If TRUE (default), comparisons between group(s) will be made.
<code>pairwise</code>	integer scalar, minimum number of groups where pairwise comparisons need to be performed. Default 3L.
<code>...</code>	additional parameters, currently not in use

Details

A demographic table with simple summary statistics, with optional comparison(s) over one or more groups, is created.

[numeric](#) variables are summarized in means, standard deviations, medians, inter-quartile-ranges (IQR), skewness, p -value of Shapiro-Wilk normality test and ranges. If group is specified, they are compared using two-sample [t.test](#), [wilcox.test](#) (Wilcoxon / Mann-Whitney), one-way [aov](#) (ANOVA) and/or [kruskal.test](#) (Kruskal-Wallis).

[logical](#) and [factor](#) variables are summarized in counts and percentages. If group is specified, they are compared using [prop.test](#) (chi-squared) and/or [fisher.test](#) (Fisher's exact).

Value

Function [DemographicTable](#) returns an object of S3 class 'DemographicTable', which is a [list](#) of [matrix](#)-es.

Examples

```
tgr = within(ToothGrowth, expr = { dose = factor(dose) })
DemographicTable(tgr, include = c('supp', 'len', 'dose'))
DemographicTable(tgr, groups = 'supp', include = c('len', 'dose'))
DemographicTable(tgr, groups = 'supp', include = 'len', paired = TRUE)
DemographicTable(tgr, groups = 'supp', include = 'len', compare = FALSE)
```

```
DemographicTable(tgr, groups = c('supp', 'dose'), include = 'len')

(tb1 = DemographicTable(CO2, groups = 'Type', include = c('conc', 'uptake')))
CO2_nonchilled = subset(CO2, Treatment == 'nonchilled')
(tb2 = DemographicTable(CO2_nonchilled, groups = 'Type', include = c('conc', 'uptake')))
c(tb1, tb2)

# pairwise comparision
DemographicTable(MASS::survey, groups = 'Fold')

# missing value in `groups`
DemographicTable(MASS::survey, groups = c('M.I'))
```

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