

Package ‘BANAM’

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Type Package

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Title Bayesian Analysis of the Network Autocorrelation Model

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Description

The network autocorrelation model (NAM) can be used for studying the degree of social influence regarding an outcome variable based on one or more known networks.

The degree of social influence is quantified via the network autocorrelation parameters. In case of a single

network, the Bayesian methods of Dittrich, Leenders, and Mulder

(2017) <[DOI:10.1016/j.socnet.2016.09.002](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.socnet.2016.09.002)> and Dittrich, Leenders, and Mulder (2019)

<[DOI:10.1177/0049124117729712](https://doi.org/10.1177/0049124117729712)> are implemented using a normal, flat, or independence

Jeffreys prior for the network autocorrelation. In the case of multiple

networks, the Bayesian methods of Dittrich, Leenders, and Mulder (2020)

<[DOI:10.1177/0081175020913899](https://doi.org/10.1177/0081175020913899)> are implemented using a multivariate normal prior for

the network autocorrelation parameters. Flat priors are implemented

for estimating the coefficients. For Bayesian testing of equality and order-constrained

hypotheses, the default Bayes factor of Gu, Mulder, and Hoijtink, (2018)

<[DOI:10.1111/bmsp.12110](https://doi.org/10.1111/bmsp.12110)> is used with the posterior mean and posterior covariance

matrix of the NAM parameters based on flat priors as input.

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Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

RoxygenNote 7.2.3

Depends R (>= 3.0.0), BFPack

Imports Matrix, extraDistr, matrixcalc, mvtnorm, rARPACK, tmvtnorm,
utils, psych, sna, bain

Suggests testthat

NeedsCompilation no

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banam	<i>Bayesian estimation of the network autocorrelation model</i>
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Description

The banam function can be used for Bayesian estimation of the network autocorrelation model (NAM). In the case of a single weight matrix, a flat prior, the independence Jeffreys prior, and a normal prior can be specified for the network autocorrelation parameter. In the case of multiple weight matrices, a multivariate normal prior can be specified.

Usage

```
banam(
  y,
  X,
  W,
  prior = "flat",
  prior.mean = NULL,
  prior.Sigma = NULL,
  postdraws = 5000,
  burnin = 1000
)
```

Arguments

y	A numeric vector containing the observations of the outcome variable.
X	The design matrix of the predictor variables. If absent a column of ones is automatically added to model the intercept.
W	A weight matrix (in the case of a NAM with a single weight matrix) or a list of weight matrices (in the case of a NAM with multiple weight matrices).
prior	A character string specifying which prior to use in the case of a NAM with a single weight matrix. The options are 'flat', 'IJ', and 'normal', for a flat prior, the independence Jeffreys prior, and a normal prior, respectively.

prior.mean	A scalar (or vector) specifying the prior mean(s) of the network autocorrelation(s). The default prior mean is 0.
prior.Sigma	A scalar (or matrix) specifying the prior variance (or prior covariance matrix) of the network autocorrelation(s). In the univariate case, the default prior variance is 1e6. In the multivariate case, the default prior covariance matrix is the identity matrix times 1e6.
postdraws	An integer specifying the number of posterior draws after burn-in.
burnin	An integer specifying the number of draws for burn-in.

Value

The output is an object of class `banam`. For users of BANAM, the following are the useful objects:

- `rho.draws` Matrix of posterior draws for the network autocorrelation parameter(s).
- `beta.draws` Matrix of posterior draws for the coefficients.
- `sigma2.draws` Matrix of posterior draws for the error variance.
- `summarystats` Table with summary statistics of the posterior.
- `residuals` Residuals based on all posterior draws.
- `fitted.values` Fitted values based on all posterior draws.

References

Dittrich, D., Leenders, R.Th.A.J., & Mulder, J. (2017). Bayesian estimation of the network autocorrelation model. *Social Network*, 48, 213–236. <doi:10.1016/j.socnet.2016.09.002>

Dittrich, D., Leenders, R.Th.A.J., & Mulder, J. (2019). Network autocorrelation modeling: A Bayes factor approach for testing (multiple) precise and interval hypotheses. *Sociological Methods & Research*, 48, 642-676. <doi:10.1177/0049124117729712>

Dittrich, D., Leenders, R.Th.A.J., & Mulder, J. (2020). Network Autocorrelation Modeling: Bayesian Techniques for Estimating and Testing Multiple Network Autocorrelations. *Sociological Methodology*, 50, 168-214. <doi:10.1177/0081175020913899>

Examples

```
#example analyses
#generate example data
set.seed(234)
n <- 50
d1 <- .2
Wadj1 <- sna::rgraph(n, tprob=d1, mode="graph")
W1 <- sna::make.stochastic(Wadj1, mode="row")
d2 <- .4
Wadj2 <- sna::rgraph(n, tprob=d2, mode="graph")
W2 <- sna::make.stochastic(Wadj2, mode="row")
# set rho, beta, sigma2, and generate y
rho1 <- .3
K <- 3
beta <- rnorm(K)
sigma2 <- 1
```

```

X <- matrix(c(rep(1, n), rnorm(n*(K-1))), nrow=n, ncol=K)
y <- c((solve(diag(n) - rho1*W1))%*(X%*beta + rnorm(n)))

#Bayesian estimation of NAM with a single weight matrix using a flat prior for rho
best1 <- banam(y,X,W1)
print(best1)

#Bayesian estimation of NAM with two weight matrices using standard normal priors
best2 <- banam(y,X,W=list(W1,W2))
print(best2)

#Bayes factor testing of equality/order hypotheses using environment of package 'BFpack'
BFbest2 <- BF(best2,hypothesis="rho1>rho2>0; rho1=rho2>0; rho1=rho2=0")

```

W_votes

Weight matrix for counties in Alabama, US

Description

This dataset specifies the four nearest neighboring counties of 67 counties in Alabama, US. All counties that satisfy this criteria were assigned a weight of 0.25.

Usage

```
data(W_votes)
```

Format

A matrix with 67 rows and 67 columns

References

Pace, R. K. and R. Barry. 1997. Quick Computation of Spatial Autoregressive Estimators. *Geographical Analysis*, 29, 232-47. Data can be downloaded from <http://www.spatial-econometrics.com/html/jplv7.zip>

X_votes

Covariate data frame for the Alabama voter turnout data

Description

This data.frame includes logarithmized data on population casting votes, of the population that is 25 years and older who completed 12th grade or higher education, on the number of owner-occupied housing units, and of aggregate income per county in Alabama, US. This data.frame can be specified as covariate matrix in the network autocorrelation model to predict the voter turnout in Alabama.

Usage

```
data(X_votes)
```

Format

A data.frame with 67 rows and 4 columns

pop_eligible	numeric	Logarithm of the population casting votes
pop_college	numeric	Logarithm of the population that is 25 years and older who completed 12th grade or higher education
homeownership	numeric	Logarithm of the number of owner-occupied housing units
income	numeric	Logarithmized aggregate income per county

References

Pace, R. K. and R. Barry. 1997. Quick Computation of Spatial Autoregressive Estimators. *Geographical Analysis*, 29, 232-47. Data can be downloaded from <http://www.spatial-econometrics.com/html/jplv7.zip>

y_votes

Logarithmized voter turnout in Alabama, US

Description

This vector contains the logarithmized voter turnout of 67 counties in Alabama, US.

Usage

```
data(y_votes)
```

Format

A vector of the length 67

References

Pace, R. K. and R. Barry. 1997. Quick Computation of Spatial Autoregressive Estimators. *Geographical Analysis*, 29, 232-47. Data can be downloaded from <http://www.spatial-econometrics.com/html/jplv7.zip>

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